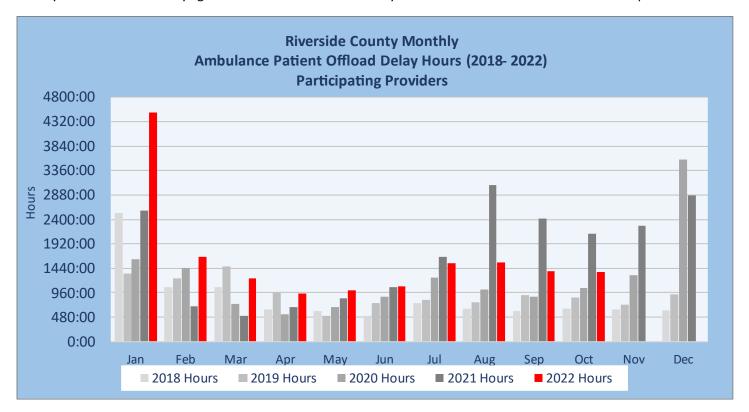


Ambulance Patient Offload Time October 2022

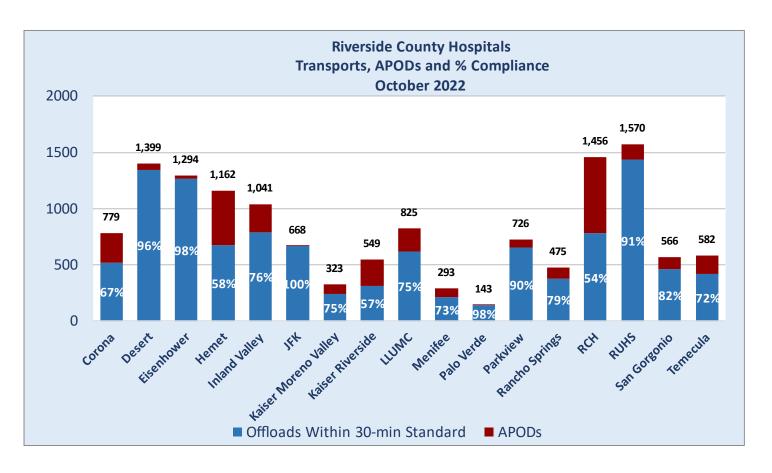


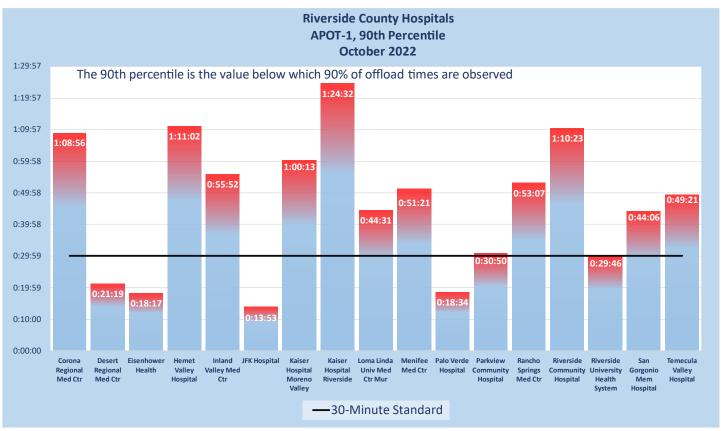
RIVERSIDE COUNTY AMBULANCE PATIENT OFFLOAD TIME

These charts represent total ambulance patient offload times (APOT) and delays (APOD) from hospitals within Riverside County. APOD includes delays greater than 30 minutes and only the time after the first 30 minutes have passed.



		October 20	022			
	ALS Transports	АРОТ	APOD Hours	APODs	APOD Compliance	APOT - 1
Corona Regional Med Ctr	779	422:55:09	142:29:12	260	66.6%	1:08:56
Desert Regional Med Ctr	1,399	288:43:12	10:21:14	52	96.3%	0:21:19
Eisenhower Health	1,294	251:53:18	7:55:41	26	98.0%	0:18:17
Hemet Valley Hospital	1,162	739:25:08	268:26:22	485	58.3%	1:11:02
Inland Valley Med Ctr	1,041	444:22:55	120:00:03	250	76.0%	0:55:52
JFK Hospital	668	87:30:28	0:44:10	3	99.6%	0:13:53
Kaiser Hospital Moreno Valley	323	146:49:17	45:36:53	81	74.9%	1:00:13
Kaiser Hospital Riverside	549	356:48:23	146:21:31	234	57.4%	1:24:32
Loma Linda Univ Med Ctr Mur	825	355:35:49	68:03:21	205	75.2%	0:44:31
Menifee Med Ctr	293	140:03:23	36:00:31	80	72.7%	0:51:21
Palo Verde Hospital	143	22:35:44	0:51:17	3	97.9%	0:18:34
Parkview Community Hospital	726	229:27:58	13:30:50	73	89.9%	0:30:50
Rancho Springs Med Ctr	475	216:50:09	67:51:16	99	79.2%	0:53:07
Riverside Community Hospital	1,456	894:20:25	329:06:09	676	53.6%	1:10:23
Riverside University Health System	1,570	484:47:40	22:12:06	135	91.4%	0:29:46
San Gorgonio Mem Hospital	566	230:28:20	35:31:34	103	81.8%	0:44:06
Temecula Valley Hospital	582	261:45:11	55:30:28	163	72.0%	0:49:21
Grand Total	13,851	5574:22:29	1370:32:38	2928	78.9%	0:48:11

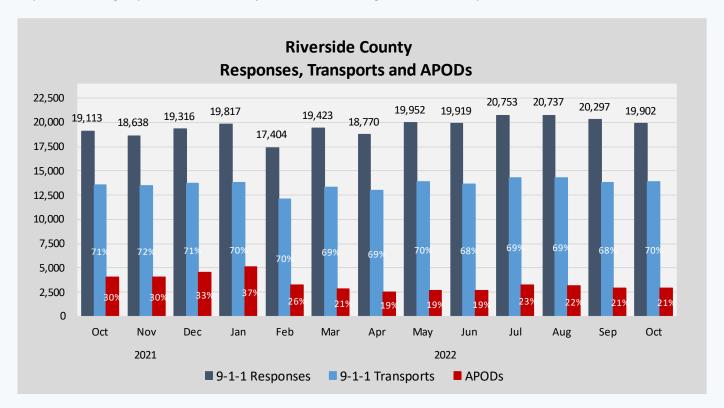




Data for this report has been collected from ePCRs (electronic patient care records) via FirstWatch® and are available after they have been completed by the provider. There is, therefore, an inherent latency to the availability of these records. Due to this latency, subsequent reports may feature higher aggregate numbers than earlier reports for the same reporting period. The difference is insignificant (averaging less than .07%) and does not impact overall compliance.

APOT AND APOD TRENDS: ROLLING ANNUAL REVIEW

The first chart represents a summary of Riverside County's total 9-1-1 ambulance (ALS) responses, transports, and total transports resulting in patient offload delay (APOD) for a rolling 12 months compared to the current month.



TRANSPORT VOLUME. Transport volume for each hospital over a 12 month period compared to the current month is described below. Each hospital can be categorized as a low to high volume facility relative to all facilities in the county. Hospitals are color coded ranging from low to high based on an average transports of the last 12 months.

								Trans	ort Vol	ume	Lov	w		High
Hospital	2021			2022										Monthly
Hospital	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Avg
Corona Regional Med Ctr	792	812	771	680	685	729	720	709	757	770	803	767	779	752
Desert Regional Med Ctr	1247	1281	1263	1311	1121	1316	1288	1314	1365	1437	1381	1357	1399	1,314
Eisenhower Health	1299	1348	1402	1484	1284	1386	1350	1385	1268	1387	1338	1234	1294	1,343
Hemet Valley Hospital	1199	1037	1045	744	893	1205	1201	1326	1276	1219	1258	1135	1162	1,131
Inland Valley Med Ctr	958	882	926	850	812	891	823	951	892	979	950	897	1041	912
JFK Hospital	634	658	694	707	619	716	773	756	679	695	750	700	668	696
Kaiser Hospital Moreno Valley	344	339	334	369	314	361	304	321	346	353	387	375	323	344
Kaiser Hospital Riverside	527	550	578	603	506	525	513	570	521	568	568	539	549	547
Loma Linda Univ Med Ctr Mur	658	714	769	871	754	720	675	812	752	807	867	825	825	773
Menifee Med Ctr	286	319	341	318	238	263	237	234	264	328	291	285	293	284
Palo Verde Hospital	168	176	176	176	118	120	142	178	151	161	169	142	143	155
Parkview Community Hospital	653	677	730	872	607	632	523	637	659	714	682	745	726	681
Rancho Springs Med Ctr	563	530	548	552	436	491	430	483	499	465	499	521	475	499
Riverside Comm Hospital	1506	1454	1406	1236	1283	1534	1552	1614	1537	1602	1601	1528	1456	1,485
Riverside Univ Health System	1516	1529	1552	1825	1385	1395	1369	1534	1477	1632	1586	1581	1570	1,535
San Gorgonio Mem Hospital	632	622	603	630	541	495	524	547	651	617	636	604	566	590
Temecula Valley Hospital	596	559	591	611	533	567	549	531	549	596	559	545	582	567
Riverside County Total	13578	13487	13729	13839	12129	13346	12973	13902	13643	14330	14325	13780	13851	13609

COMPLIANCE. Compliance is a frequency comparison between the total number of transports and those resulting in APOD. The table below shows compliance by hospital for the last 12 months compared to the current month.

												High		Low
	АРОТ	% Cor	npliar	ice by	Hospit	al for	the la	st 12 n	nonth	5				
		2021		2022										Monthly
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Average
Corona Regional Med Ctr	70%	67%	62%	42%	60%	65%	65%	71%	68%	63%	68%	64%	67%	64%
Desert Regional Med Ctr	85%	88%	79%	78%	84%	93%	94%	94%	98%	95%	98%	97%	96%	91%
Eisenhower Health	94%	94%	93%	91%	93%	97%	97%	99%	99%	98%	97%	96%	98%	96%
Hemet Valley Hospital	48%	41%	39%	40%	46%	54%	69%	68%	57%	52%	62%	55%	58%	53%
Inland Valley Med Ctr	61%	64%	63%	51%	65%	75%	75%	70%	73%	74%	71%	81%	76%	69%
JFK Hospital	98%	98%	99%	98%	98%	99%	99%	100%	99%	98%	99%	100%	100%	99%
Kaiser Hospital Moreno Valley	58%	56%	60%	57%	72%	68%	62%	72%	79%	71%	73%	81%	75%	68%
Kaiser Hospital Riverside	58%	51%	56%	51%	63%	59%	60%	66%	64%	58%	58%	62%	57%	59%
Loma Linda Univ Med Ctr Mur	62%	70%	66%	64%	77%	83%	83%	80%	84%	79%	75%	82%	75%	75%
Menifee Med Ctr	54%	51%	46%	39%	58%	71%	72%	78%	76%	73%	62%	69%	73%	63%
Palo Verde Hospital	95%	94%	97%	100%	95%	96%	97%	98%	100%	100%	96%	99%	98%	97%
Parkview Community Hospital	72%	64%	62%	53%	73%	83%	85%	85%	89%	92%	94%	88%	90%	79%
Rancho Springs Med Ctr	62%	70%	68%	51%	70%	81%	79%	76%	76%	70%	69%	77%	79%	71%
Riverside Community Hospital	45%	46%	41%	41%	55%	59%	61%	60%	62%	52%	50%	51%	54%	52%
Riverside University Health System	84%	85%	81%	76%	90%	93%	93%	92%	93%	92%	91%	88%	91%	88%
San Gorgonio Mem Hospital	69%	66%	67%	55%	77%	88%	84%	91%	79%	81%	77%	81%	82%	77%
Temecula Valley Hospital	76%	63%	59%	52%	62%	80%	87%	79%	82%	69%	79%	76%	72%	72%
Riverside County Compliance	70%	70%	67%	63%	74%	79%	81%	81%	81%	77%	78%	79%	79%	75%

APOT-1. APOT-1 is an Ambulance Patient Offload Time interval measure of the 90th percentile. This metric is a continuous variable measured in hours and minutes then aggregated and reported at the 90th percentile. The table below illustrates APOT-1 by hospital for the last 12 months compared to the current month

		А	POT-1 (90th Pe	ercentile	e) for th	e last 1	2 Mont	hs					
	2021			2022										Avg
Hospital	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	APOT-1
Corona Regional Med Ctr	0:53	1:03	1:16	2:51	1:21	1:07	1:01	0:58	1:05	1:20	1:05	1:15	1:09	1:15
Desert Regional Med Ctr	0:40	0:33	0:53	1:00	0:44	0:25	0:25	0:23	0:20	0:24	0:21	0:21	0:21	0:31
Eisenhower Health	0:24	0:24	0:26	0:29	0:25	0:20	0:19	0:18	0:18	0:20	0:19	0:21	0:18	0:21
Hemet Valley Hospital	1:22	1:44	2:00	2:42	1:43	1:15	0:52	0:54	1:08	1:28	1:06	1:34	1:11	1:27
Inland Valley Med Ctr	1:20	1:11	1:12	1:41	1:06	0:54	0:54	0:57	0:54	0:55	1:01	0:46	0:56	1:03
JFK Hospital	0:18	0:16	0:16	0:16	0:16	0:16	0:16	0:18	0:16	0:19	0:18	0:14	0:14	0:16
Kaiser Hospital Moreno Valley	1:12	1:22	1:10	1:25	0:59	1:03	1:14	1:00	0:45	0:57	0:52	0:44	1:00	1:03
Kaiser Hospital Riverside	1:16	1:35	1:44	2:38	1:08	1:29	1:20	1:08	1:13	1:26	1:26	1:17	1:25	1:28
Loma Linda Univ Med Ctr Mur	1:26	0:56	0:59	1:13	0:46	0:40	0:37	0:39	0:37	0:44	0:50	0:38	0:45	0:50
Menifee Med Ctr	1:15	1:43	2:00	3:02	2:03	0:55	0:55	0:42	0:44	0:52	1:13	0:57	0:51	1:19
Palo Verde Hospital	0:23	0:21	0:17	0:15	0:23	0:21	0:21	0:18	0:12	0:16	0:14	0:13	0:19	0:17
Parkview Community Hospital	0:49	1:02	1:15	1:52	0:51	0:37	0:37	0:35	0:31	0:29	0:27	0:33	0:31	0:46
Rancho Springs Med Ctr	1:30	1:16	1:09	2:35	0:58	0:46	0:43	1:03	0:49	0:59	1:11	0:53	0:53	1:08
Riverside Comm Hospital	1:30	1:22	1:50	2:26	1:23	1:09	1:02	1:01	1:03	1:15	1:28	1:14	1:10	1:22
Riverside Univ Health System	0:34	0:35	0:38	0:42	0:32	0:30	0:28	0:30	0:29	0:29	0:30	0:32	0:30	0:32
San Gorgonio Mem Hospital	1:00	1:07	1:10	2:07	0:49	0:33	0:40	0:31	0:46	0:43	0:53	0:42	0:44	0:54
Temecula Valley Hospital	0:44	1:05	1:10	1:41	1:04	0:37	0:34	0:41	0:40	0:50	0:42	0:45	0:49	0:52
Riverside County Compliance	1:01	1:03	1:11	1:37	0:56	0:47	0:43	0:43	0:44	0:49	0:50	0:48	0:48	0:55

AMBULANCE DIVERSIONS

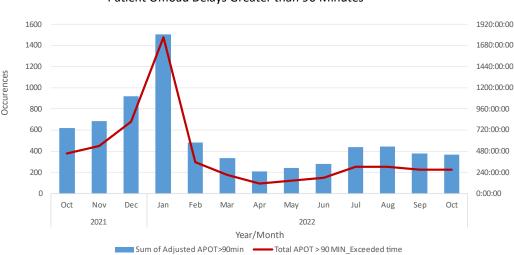
REMSA Policy 6103 (https://www.remsa.us/policy/6103.pdf) describes ground and air ambulance diversions to facilitate safe transport of patients to the closest alternate facility. Ambulance Diversions described here are those activated as a result of unusual circumstances at a facility limiting access to emergency care (Internal Disaster - INT) or a temporary outage in Specialty Care services (STEMI, Stroke, Trauma). The following tables provide diversion history by count of occurrences and total hours/minutes by facility for a rolling 12 months compared to the current month. Hospitals not listed had no diversions during this evaluation period.

Diversions by Count	2021			2022										Total
Diversion Category/Facility	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	IUlai
INT	2	2		1	1		1	3	1	1				12
Corona Regional Medical Center	2													2
Desert Regional Medical Center		1												1
John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital								1						1
Menifee Valley Medical Center				1			1							2
Inland Valley Medical Center		1								1				2
Kaiser Permanente Moreno Valley Medical Center					1			1						2
Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center								1	1					2
STEMI		1		1			1	1						4
Desert Regional Medical Center		1												1
John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital							1	1						2
Loma Linda University Medical CenterMurrieta				1										1
Stroke													1	1
Rancho Springs Medical Center													1	1
Trauma	4	3	1	3	5		3	1	4	2	1	1	1	29
Riverside Community Hospital	2						1		3		1		1	8
Inland Valley Medical Center			1	2			2	1		2		1		9
Riverside University Health System	2	3		1	5				1					12
Total	6	6	1	5	6		5	5	5	3	1	1	2	46

Discusions by UU-MAN	2021			2022									
Diversions by HH:MM		New	Dan		Feb	Max	A 15.11	May	Lun	Jul	A	Can	Oat
Diversion Category/Facility	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan 0.41		Mar	Apr	May	Jun		Aug	Sep	Oct
INT	20:19	1:03		0:41	1:13		1:09	5:31	0:56	1:39			
Corona Regional Medical Center	20:19												
Desert Regional Medical Center		0:27											
John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital								3:33					
Menifee Valley Medical Center				0:41			1:09						
Inland Valley Medical Center		0:36								1:39			
Kaiser Permanente Moreno Valley Medical Center					1:13			0:37					
Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center								1:21	0:56				
STEMI		0:19		2:21			10:16	15:51					
Desert Regional Medical Center		0:19											
John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital							10:16	15:51					
Loma Linda University Medical CenterMurrieta				2:21									
Stroke													7:57
Rancho Springs Medical Center													7:57
Trauma	2:23	4:36	0:19	4:15	5:54		6:44	1:04	3:12	3:21	0:49	2:38	0:24
Riverside Community Hospital	1:03						2:44		1:51		0:49		0:24
Inland Valley Medical Center			0:19	3:01			4:00	1:04		3:21		2:38	
Riverside University Health System	1:20	4:36		1:14	5:54				1:21				
Total	22:42	5:58	0:19	7:17	7:07	0:00	18:09	22:26	4:08	5:00	0:49	2:38	8:21

AMBULANCE REDIRECTION

REMSA <u>Policy 6104</u> allows redirection of ambulances away from hospitals experiencing significant Ambulance Patient Offload Delays (APOD) to the next most appropriate facility. *Significant* APOD is defined as a patient remaining on an ambulance gurney for **90 minutes or greater after arrival at the hospital** (APOT < 90 min). Standard transfer of care is 30 minutes or less (APOT<30 min). Until the transfer of care is complete (patient is removed from the gurney and hospital staff assume care of the patient), ambulance crews must remain at the hospital and continue care. While patients held on excessive APODs are generally those classified as lower acuity, approximately one-third of the County's ~600 daily 9-1-1 medical responses are determined by dispatch as critical, requiring immediate medical attention (e.g. cardiac arrest, stroke, traumatic injury). As a result, excessive, or multiple APODs within the same service area impact ambulance timeliness and availability in the field posing a direct risk to 9-1-1 patient safety. Ambulance redirection is one strategy to reduce the consequential backlog of EMS services which occurs when there are excessive ambulance delays at hospital emergency departments. Below is the countywide breakdown of APOD occurrences where ambulances were documented as held for greater than 90 minutes before the transfer of care for the last 12 months compared to the current month.



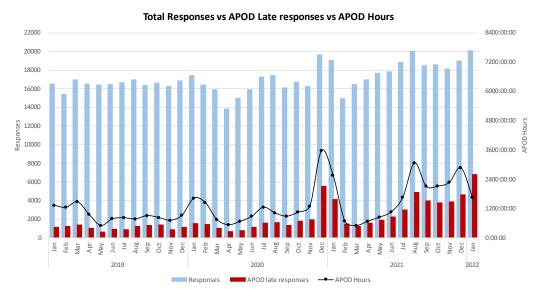
Patient Offload Delays Greater than 90 Minutes

The table below shows the count of ambulances that held for greater than 90 minutes and total hours accumulated after 90 minute threshold by facility for the reporting month.

Facility	Total Time APOT>90 min (HR: MM: S)	Total Incidents APOT>90 min
Corona Regional Med Ctr	30:25:21	45
Desert Regional Med Ctr	0:00:00	0
Eisenhower Health	2:46:16	1
Hemet Valley Hospital	69:30:38	73
Inland Valley Med Ctr	15:34:27	38
JFK Hospital	0:00:00	0
Kaiser Hospital Moreno Valley	7:06:04	13
Kaiser Hospital Riverside	35:44:28	48
Loma Linda Univ Med Ctr Mur	10:01:35	13
Menifee Med Ctr	6:37:25	11
Palo Verde Hospital	0:00:00	0
Parkview Community Hospital	0:00:00	0
Rancho Springs Med Ctr	21:58:35	22
Riverside Community Hospital	58:03:45	89
Riverside University Health System	0:03:18	1
San Gorgonio Mem Hospital	3:50:32	7
Temecula Valley Hospital	5:44:21	9
Grand Total	267:26:45	370

APOD IMPACT ON 9-1-1 AMBULANCE RESPONSES

The graph below displays APOD hours, AMR responses, and AMR APOD late responses. A response is classified as an APOD late response when the response time is beyond the response time standard and APOD hours were a direct cause. The classification (exemption) process individually matches specific ambulances out-of-service on APOD to the specific APOD late responses. More reports can be found at: https://www.rivcoems.org/Documents/Reports-Current

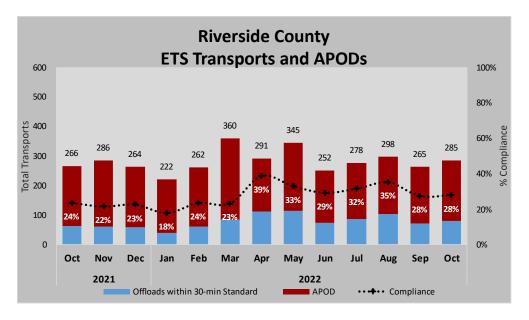


EMERGENCY TREATMENT SERVICES

Transports to Emergency Treatment Services (ETS) comprise over 3% of overall transports. This is significant enough to impact the EMS system and, therefore, warrants reporting. However, transports to ETS do not meet the EMSA definitions for APOT (see page 6); therefore, they are not included with the previous APOT aggregates.

	October 2022 - Emergency Treatment Services										
		APOD	APOT-1								
	Transports to ETS	Time	APOD Hours	APODs	Compliance	APUI-1					
Emergency Treatment Services	285	199:07:18	70:04:12	205	28.1%	1:11:09					

The chart below represents Riverside County's total number of *ETS ambulance transports, patient offload delay (APOD), and percent compliance* for the current month and a rolling 12 months prior.



APOT AND APOD DEFINITIONS

9-1-1 Ambulance Response

For the purpose of reporting patient offload time and delays, only ground transport units responding to 9-1-1 incidents are included in this report. To avoid duplicate response counts, this excludes all records from First Responder Fire agencies also arriving on scene as part of Riverside County's dual 9-1-1 medical response system. With the exception of ETS transports which are predominantly from local hospitals, it also excludes interfacility transports and other call types such as air ambulances.

APOT -1 Specifications

Criteria: All 911 transports to a hospital emergency department for which the patient arrival and transfer dates and times are "logical and present." 1

Method: Aggregate of all transfer times and reported at the 90th percentile (the value for which 90% of the times are shorter).

Ambulance Patient Offload Time (APOT)

The Time interval between the arrival of an 9-1-1 patient at an Emergency Department (ED) and the time that patient is transferred from the ambulance gurney to a bed, chair, or other acceptable location, and the ED assumes responsibility of care.² The Clock Start (eTimes.11) is the time of patient arrival at the destination (hospital), and the Clock Stop (eTimes.12) is the time patient care is transferred.³ REMSA obtains both times from the ePCR.

Ambulance Patient Offload Delay (APOD)

Any delay in ambulance patient offload time (APOT) that exceeds the local ambulance patient offload time standard of 25/30 minutes (Riverside County EMS Agency applies a 30-minute standard). This shall also be synonymous with "non-standard patient offload time" as referenced in the Health and Safety Code. If the transfer of care and patient offload from the ambulance gurney exceeds the 30-minute standard, it will be documented and tracked as APOD. The Riverside County ePCR system requires medics to enter an "APOD Reason" when APOT exceeds the 30-minute standard. While the number of APODs documented as non-ED-related is nominal, beginning in Week-1 of 2022, only delays identified as having an ED origin are counted against APOD compliance for a more precise metric.

APOD Compliance

Frequency comparison between the total number of transports and those resulting in APODs with an ED-related origin.

¹ Ibid., APOT-1 Specifications.

² Health and Safety Code Division 2.5, Chapter 3, Article 1, Section 1797.120(b)

³ Ambulance Patient Offload Time (APOT) Standardized Methods for Data Collection and Reporting, approved by EMS Commission 12/14/2016. https://emsa.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/71/2017/09/APOT-Methodology Guidance-2016.pdf

³ Ibid., APOT-1 Specifications

⁵ REMSA Policy 4109, Transfer of Patient Care. https://www.remsa.us/policy/4109.pdf

⁷ Calkins MM, Isaksen TB, Stubbs BA, Yost MG, Fenske RA (2016). Impacts of extreme heat on emergency medical service calls in King County, Washington, 2007-2012:relative risk and time series analyses of basic and advanced life support. Environ Health. doi: 10.1186/s12940-016-0109-0

⁸ Sheridan SC, Kalkstein AM, Kalkstein LS (2009). Trends in heat-related mortality in the United States, 1975–2004. Natural Hazards 50:1, 145-160

⁹ Guo Y, Gasparrini A, Armstrong BG (2017). Heat Wave and Mortality: A Multicountry, Multicommunity Study. Environ Health Perspect. 2017;125(8):087006. doi:10.1289/EHP1026